

## 19- AND 20-TYPE POWER UNITS

### IDENTIFICATION, INSTALLATION, CONNECTIONS, AND MAINTENANCE

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#### 1. GENERAL

1.01 The 19- and 20-type power units are intended to provide power for talking, relays, lamps, buzzers, and 30-Hz ringing in Key Telephone Systems.

1.02 This section is reissued to:

- Change 19C3 fuse value
- Change Note 6 in Table A to Caution
- Rerate 117A frequency generator to manufactured discontinued (MD) and add the 117B frequency generator
- Require line voltage check
- Update Fig. 5
- Delete Fig. 6 and renumber Fig. 7
- Add 821A diode
- Add new 20C3 power unit.

This issue does not affect the Equipment Test List.

1.03 The 19A1, 19B1, 19C1, 20A1, 20B1, and 20C1 power units are rated MD and are replaced

by the 19A2, 19B2, 19C2, 20A2, 20B2 and 20C2 power units, respectively.

1.04 This issue of the section is based on drawing SD-81824-01, Issue 14B. For a detailed description of the operation, see the corresponding circuit description. If this section is to be used with equipment or apparatus reflecting later issue(s) of drawing(s), reference should be made to the SDs and CDs to determine the extent of the changes and the manner in which the section may be affected.

1.05 The 110-volt ac, 30-Hz output is provided from the 113A, 117A, or 117B frequency generators which are mounted in the power unit case. The 113A and 117A frequency generators are rated MD and replaced by the 117B frequency generator. The 117B frequency generator is electrically and mechanically interchangeable with the 113A and 117A frequency generators.

#### 2. IDENTIFICATION

2.01 The basic unit of the 19- and 20-type power units are designated either the 19A2, 19A2A, or 19A3 power units. When the 113A and 117A frequency generators, rated MD, or the 117B frequency generator is added to the 19A2; the basic unit becomes the 20A2 power unit (see Fig. 1). The units are available for wall of relay rack mounting as follows:

19B2—19A2 with hardware and cover for wall mounting.

19C2—19A2 with hardware for mounting in a Key Service Unit or relay rack.

19C2A—19A2A with hardware for mounting in a Key Service Unit or relay rack.

#### NOTICE

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Bell System except under written agreement

19C3—19A3 with hardware for mounting in a Key Service Unit or relay rack (see Fig. 2).

20B2—20A2 with hardware and cover for wall mounting (see Fig. 3)

20C2—20A2 with hardware for mounting in a Key Service Unit or relay rack (see Fig. 4).

20C3—20A3 with hardware for mounting in a relay rack.

2.02 These power units operate on an ac input of 111, 117, or 123 volts  $\pm 5$  percent, 60 hertz. The outputs of the power units and features are shown in Table A. The input power ranges between 105 and 140 watts at 117 volts, 60 hertz.

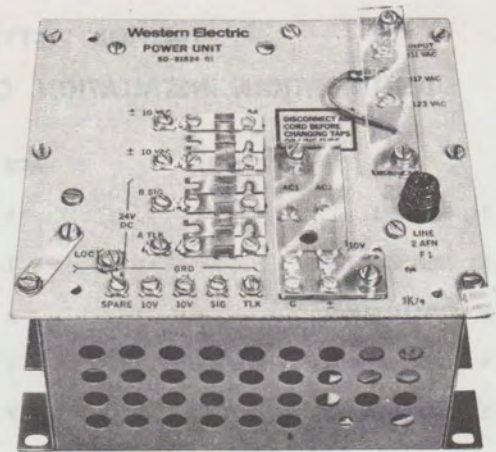


Fig. 2—19C3 Power Unit (Rack Mounted)

2.03 The power units are equipped with a parallel blade ground receptacle. A 3-conductor power cord with male and female standard 3-prong plugs is available for connection to the input receptacle in the power unit (see Fig. 3 and 4). The cords are available in the following lengths and should be ordered separately:

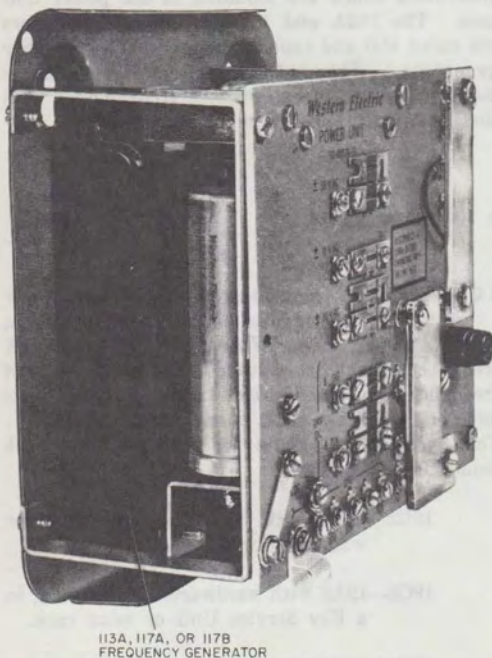
PART NO.	LENGTH (FT)
P-40J326	1-1/2
P-40J327	2
P-40J328	4
P-40J329	6
P-40J099	12

**Caution:** The power cord should not be connected to the ac service receptacle until other wiring has been connected.

2.04 The power units are fused as follows:

**INPUT**—1—2-ampere Bussmann MDL-2 fuse

**OUTPUT**—For 19B2, 19C2, 20B2, 20C2



113A, 117A, OR 117B  
FREQUENCY GENERATOR

Fig. 1—20A2 Power Unit with Hardware Required for 20B2 Unit Less Cover

- 1—24V TALK, 2-ampere No. 24C fuse
- 1—24V SIGNAL, 2-ampere No. 24C fuse
- 2—10V AC, 3-ampere No. 24B fuses
- 1—18V AC, 2-ampere No. 24C fuse.

**OUTPUT**—For 19C2A

- 1—24V TALK, 2-ampere No. 24C fuse
- 1—24V SIGNAL, 3-ampere No. 24B fuse
- 2—10V AC, 5-ampere ♦No. 24F fuses♦
- 1—18V AC, 2-ampere No. 24C fuse.

**OUTPUT**—For 19C3, 20C3

- 1—24V TALK, 2-ampere No. 24C fuse
- 1—24V SIGNAL, ♦3-ampere No. 24B fuse♦
- 2—10V AC, 5-ampere ♦No. 24F fuses.♦

- 2.05 The 47C1 power unit is available for locations requiring reserve power.

### 3. INSTALLATION



*Reference shall be made to Section 167-400-200 for general requirements necessary for the proper installation of the power unit.*

- 3.01 Since the 19B2 and 20B2 power units are the same size, wall mounting procedures are identical. The same is true for the 19C2, 19C2A, 19C3, 20C2, and 20C3 power units for rack mounting. Therefore, only the installation procedures for the 20B2 and 20C2 power units will be covered in this Section.

- 3.02 Install the 20B2 power unit as follows:

**Note:** The power unit must be mounted on a wall in a vertical position with enough open area to allow adequate ventilation. Do not lay objects on the power unit or allow packing crates, etc. to be piled around it as this will cause overheating and failure of the unit.

- (1) Fasten the backboard plate assembly, P33A830, to the wall as covered in Section 463-130-200, or in accordance with local instructions.

- (2) Hang the power unit on the backboard and secure it with the machine screws provided.

- 3.03 The 20C2 power unit is mounted on an equipment rack using the four mounting holes on the metal enclosure (Fig. 4). Fasten with the machine screws provided.

- 3.04 When the 47C1 power unit is used for reserve power, refer to Section 167-449-101 for information on installation procedures.

### 4. CONNECTIONS (Fig. 5)

- 4.01 The instructions that follow are for connecting the 20B2, 20C2, and 20C3 power units to associated telephone equipment. With the exception of connections to the 113A ♦or 117A frequency generator, rated MD, or the 117B♦ frequency generator; the instructions also apply to the 19B2 and 19C2, 19C2A, and 19C3 power units.

- 4.02 The power units have three terminals for adjustment to the ac service voltage level and are shipped with the adjustment lead connected to the 117-volt terminal. With this connection, the unit will perform satisfactorily for line voltages between 111 and 122 volts. ♦The nominal line voltage should be accurately checked before connecting.♦ If the nominal voltage is between 105 and 114 volts, connect the adjustment lead to the 111-volt terminal. If the nominal line voltage is between 123 and 129 volts, connect the adjustment lead to the 123-volt terminal.

- 4.03 Place wiring (supplying telephone equipment) through the plastic grommet at the bottom of the 20B2 unit (Fig. 3) and through the slot provided on the mounting flange on the 20C2 unit (see Fig. 4). Dress the wires along the left side of the panel and below the ground terminals.

- 4.04 Connect ground terminals, station key equipment, and lamp wiring to the appropriate supply as marked on the panel.

- 4.05 Connect LOC GRD as shown in Fig. 5.

**Note:** While the ground terminals on the power unit are connected to a common bus,

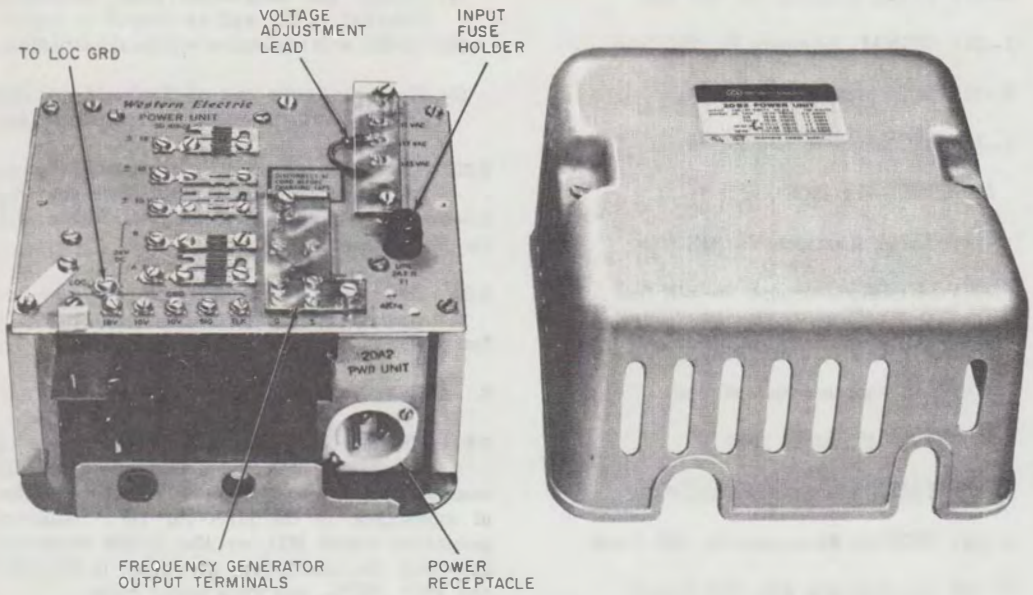


Fig. 3—20B2 Power Unit (Wall Mounted) Cover Removed

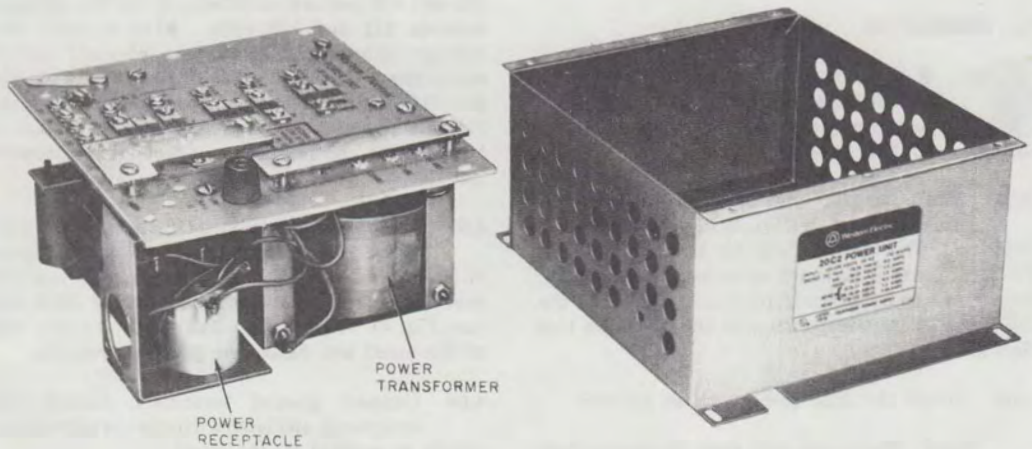


Fig. 4—20C2 Power Unit (Rack Mounted) Enclosure Removed to Show Power Receptacle

TABLE A

## OUTPUT AND FEATURES 19- AND 20- TYPE POWER UNITS

FEATURES		DESCRIPTION AND OUTPUT			POWER UNIT						
		VOLTAGE	AMPS	NOTE	19B2	19C2 AND 19C2A	19C3	20B1 (MD)	20B2	20C2	20C3
DC Output	Talk	18-26	0.6	1	X	X (Note 5)		X	X	X	
	Signal	20-26	1.5								
	Talk	18-27	0.6	2			X				X
	Signal	20-27	1.9								
AC (60-Hz) Lamp Output		8.75-11	4.5 (Note 6)	3	X	X (Note 5)		X	X	X	
AC Buzzer Output		16-20	1.4								
AC (60-Hz) Lamp Output		8.75-11	5.5				X				X
AC (30 Hz) Output (Ringing Supply)		110-125	Not Specified	4				X	X	X	X
Wall Mounting		9-1/4" High by 8-3/4" wide by 5" deep. Include metal backboard and cover.			X			X	X		
Rack Mounting		7" high by 8-1/2" wide by 5" deep. Mounted on horizontal bars drilled on 7/16" centers and vertically spaced at 7". Requires 20 mounting spaces.				X	X			X	X (Note 7)

**Note 1:** Total DC TALK and DC SIGNAL not to exceed 1.5 amps.

**Note 2:** Total DC TALK and DC SIGNAL not to exceed 1.9 amps.

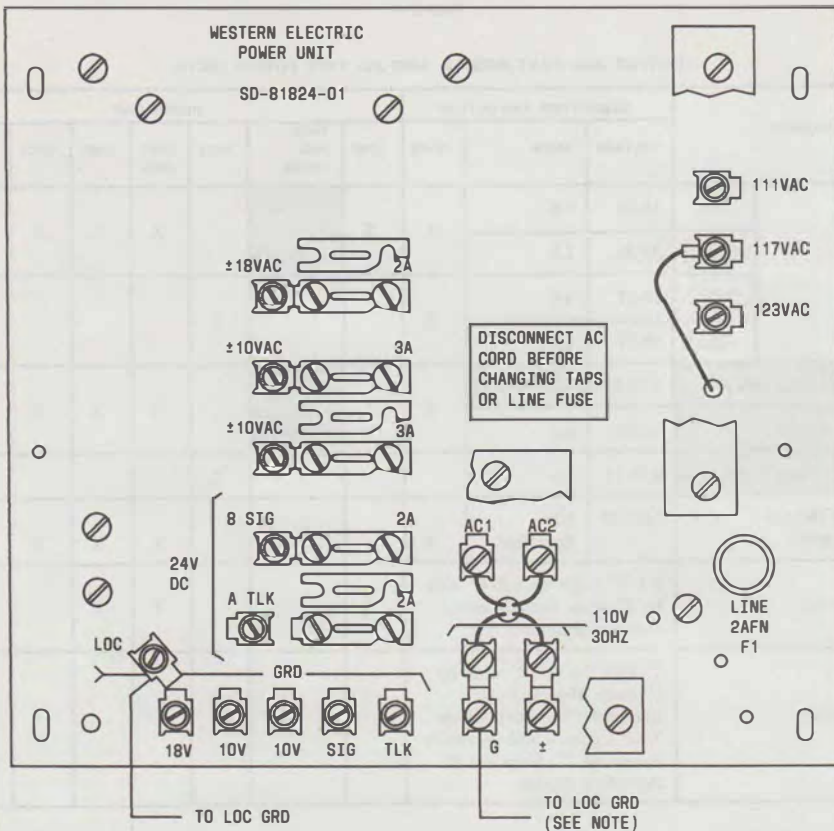
**Note 3:** Where combinations of the two outputs are used, to determine load-carrying capacity, add twice the current used in 16-20 volt output to the current used in the 8.75-11 volt output. A total of 4.5 amperes is maximum.

**Note 4:** 1 to 16 C4A or H1A RINGERS with or without series diodes (diode matrix). 1 to 6 C4A or H1A ringers with series capacitors.

**Note 5:** The 19C2A is similar to the 19C2 except that the signal fuse is rated at 3 amperes, and the two  $\pm$  10 volt fuses are rated at 5 amperes.

**Note 6:** The 19CA may be operated up to 5.0 amperes for 15 minutes in a 4-hour period.

**Note 7:** The 20C3 power unit may also be mounted on 6-inch vertical centers.



**NOTE:**  
TO BE USED IF LOCAL GROUND  
TERMINAL IS NOT PROVIDED.

**Fig. 5—Wiring Connection for 20A2 Power Unit**

the station ground wiring leads should be connected to their *designated* ground terminals (Fig. 5).

**4.06** All ringers powered by the 113A or 117A frequency generator, rated MD, or the 117B frequency generator should be connected in accordance

with Table A, Note 4. The bias spring should be set initially at the high notch position (low sensitivity). If the ringer fails to operate properly, the spring should be set to the low notch.

**4.07** In the event that some remote facility (eg, a ringdown tie line utilizing a carrier link)

fails to operate properly with the 30-Hz ringing frequency, a 19-type power unit with a supplementary 20-Hz ringing supply (101G) should be used. Such difficulty is generally due to the fact that signal converters in the central office (D1B converters, E-type signaling units, etc) contain bandpass filters tuned to 20 Hz. Such units will not respond to 30-Hz signaling.

**4.08** The 19C3 and 20C3 power units are equipped with a spare ground terminal provided for grounding one side of a supplementary 18 VAC supply, when required for use in the system. (Fig. 2.)

#### 5. MAINTENANCE 20B1 (MD) POWER UNIT (20A1 with Hardware and Cover for Wall Mounting)

**5.01** Two different diodes, the 487A and the MDA 952-2, were used as the bridge rectifier in the 20B1 (MD) and 20C1 (MD) power units. If the dc output of the unit using the 487A diode becomes short circuited, it may result in a burnout of the diode.

**5.02** To provide a margin of safety, install 24G fuses (1-1/3 amp) in place of the 24C fuse (2-amp) in the 24V TALK and 24V SIGNAL dc outputs of the units using the 487A diode. The following will help in identifying the 20B1 (MD) and 20C1 (MD) power units involved:

- The bridge rectifier is located on the mounting bracket which also supports the power cord receptacle.
- The 487A diode is square and approximately 1 inch on a side. It is fastened with one central mounting screw. See Fig. 6.
- The MDA 952-2 is hexagonal and is slightly larger. It is fastened with two screws. See Fig. 6.

**Note:** Later production units of the 20B2 and 20C2 power units use the 487C and 821A diodes which are square.

**5.03** Upon replacement of the 20B1 power unit, it should be returned to the WECO for modification and recoding to a 20B2 power unit.

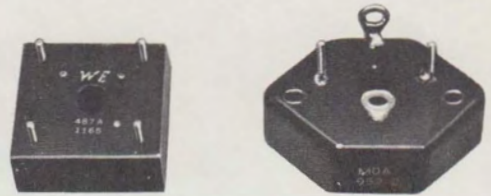


Fig. 6—487A and MDA 952-2 Diodes